

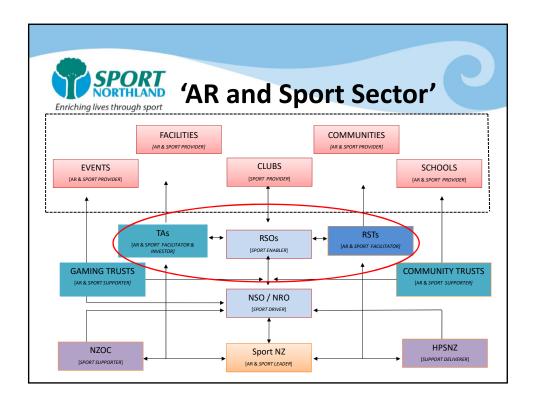
Kaipara District Council Sport Northland Partnership Update

August 2019



Background

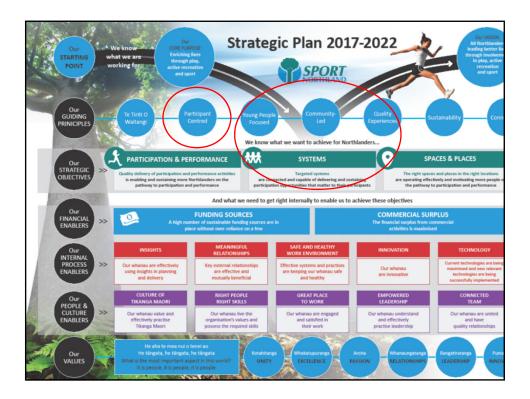
- KDC has invested in Sport Northland for active recreation and sport outcomes since 1995 (24 years!)
- Sport Northland has used this investment to leverage more funding for resource provision in the Kaipara
- So much so, that KDC now only funds 12% of the total cost of Sport Northland resource provision in Kaipara





SN Strategic Plan 2017-22

- First approved by the board in June 2015
- Refreshed in 2017
- Some delivery (directly to end-user) still inevitable
- Move away from targeted sport approach of 2010-15
- However, more of a targeted community approach community-led creating sustainable participation into the future
- Under-pinned and driven by quality data/insights





Systems

How we work: Enable

Targeted sport and recreation systems are connected and capable of delivering and sustaining participation opportunities that matter to their participants

- A world-class 'regional' sports system is supporting Northlanders to participate and perform – Northland regional sports system
- World-class 'local' sport systems are supporting Northlanders to participate and perform in targeted communities – Dargaville and Maungaturoto/Paparoa
- People and providers within these systems are more capable
- People and providers within these systems are more connected

Key to success: System-led = community-led development

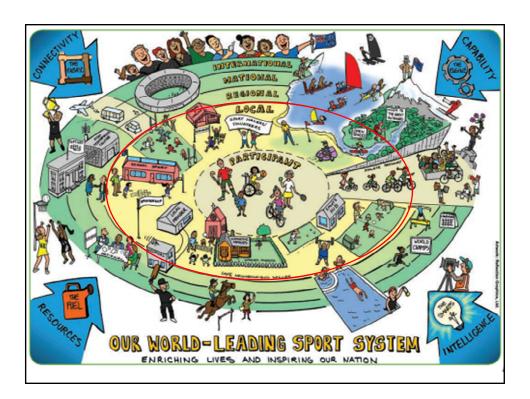


Systems Initiative

- Improving connectivity and capability of the local system
- Collaborative approach to planning, service development, delivery and investment

So what does this look like?

- Working with those directly connected to the active recreation and sport system to apply fresh thinking around how PA can be offered
- Working with those not connected to the system to help understand what
 matters to them and identifying the role PA can play, providing necessary
 support so that the system becomes more connected and capable to work
 with and across the community
- Keeping the participant (and non-participant) at the centre





Targeted Kaipara Communities

- Dargaville and Paparoa/Maungaturoto
- · Initial surveying attracted 100 respondents in each community
- This info has led to theming around the active recreation and sport needs and several community-led projects are currently underway or have been completed to address these, including:
 - Dargaville Pump Track
 - 'All Playing Together' in Dargaville
 - Te Kopuru Domain Revitalisation
 - Selwyn Park Fitness Trail
 - Paparoa Working Together
- Next steps developing whole-of-community visions/aspirations for active recreation and sport for each community and then aligning active recreation and sport providers to deliver on the communities wants and needs





Other Community Sport Work Areas

He Oranga Working with people to increase participation and leadership as Maori at a Poutama community level through Ngaa Taonga Taakaro (Ki-o-rahi). Support Sport

Northland whanau to be more responsive to Maori

Working with providers to ensure students access quality active recreation Secondary and sport opportunities and supporting Sport Coordinators to enhance and

increase student participation: 3 Kaipara secondary schools

Sports Talent Working with identified talented athletes to prepare them for high

performance sport system

WaterSafe Working with primary / intermediate schools on their water safety and aquatic

education: 12 Kaipara schools and 1,600 students

Sports Awards 2019 Kaipara Sports Awards: to be held in Maungaturoto on 2 November

Working with people in settings where they live, learn, work and play



Spaces and Places

How we work: Lead, Enable and Deliver

The right spaces and places in the right locations are operating effectively and motivating more Northlanders on the pathway to participate and perform

- Supporting the prioritized projects in the Northland Sports Facilities Plan
- Sportsville Dargaville a great example of Sport Northland support/guidance
- Success in 2018 with the NRC Regional Sports Facilities Rate, which contributed the final \$600K to Sportsville Dargaville
- MAZ in the process of also receiving funding from this rate for their next stage
- KCCP another great example

Key to success: Planned approach/good practice/knowledge and expertise



Spaces and Places Initiative

Overseeing Sport Northland Owned Facilities

- SN owned and managed ASB Stadium and Kensington Fitness, Whangarei
- SN owned and contracted out:
 - Whangarei Aquatic Centre, Whangarei
 - Bay of Islands Recreation Centre, Kawakawa
 - Kauri Coast Community Pool, Dargaville

Development of External Facilities

- Support and guidance for prioritised projects in the Northland Sports Facilities Plan:
 - Sportsville Dargaville (ongoing even though now completed)
 - Mangawhai Activity Zone (funding from NRC about to occur)
 - Te Hiku Sports Hub (final stages of securing the \$12m required to start)
 - Pohe Island (rugby and bike)
 - Sportsville Kaikohe (Lindvart Park)



Kaipara Staff

Full-Time (2.5 FTEs)

- Community Connector Roxanne Kelly
- Primary Schools (Energizers) x 3

Part-Time (1.0 FTE)

- Secondary Schools Sports Director
- He Oranga Poutama Kaiwhakahaere
- WaterSafe Instructors
- · Healthy Lifestyle Advisors (Green Prescription)
- · Active Workplace Coordinator
- Run/Walk Events Coordinators
- Spaces and Places



Kaipara Position Costs/Contribution

Cost

 Position Costs 	\$220,000
Funding	
• NDHB	\$ 70,000
 Sport NZ 	\$ 50,000
 Foundation North 	\$ 40,000
• KDC	\$ 26,000
 User pays 	\$ 15,000
 Sponsorship/Other 	<u>\$ 19,000</u>
	\$220,000

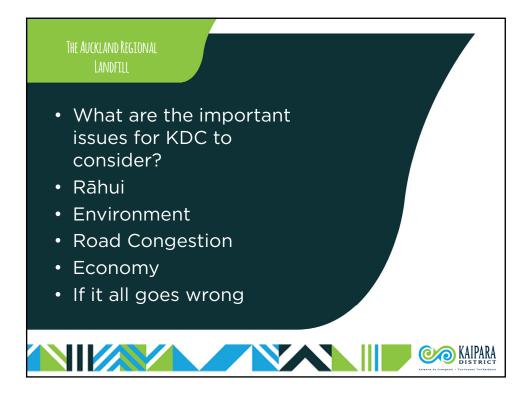


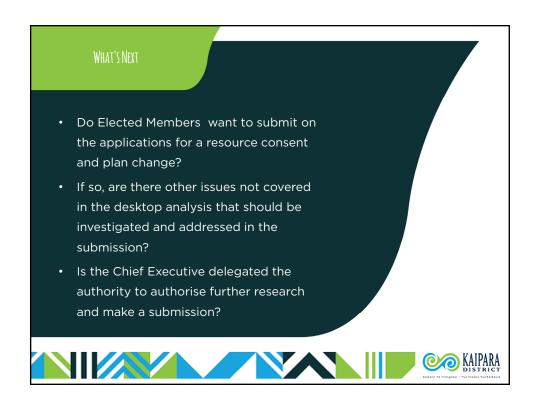
Summary

- New way of working that is sustainable over time
- 'Targeted' and focused on a 'systems approach' in communities – 'participant at the centre'
- Community-led devt approach will take time to bed in
- Overarching focus more people playing, administering and supporting play, active recreation and sport
- Sport Northland appreciates the support from KDC and has used this support to leverage other funds for resource provision in Kaipara (12%/88%)
- \$26,000 increased by CPI as per other Councils?















INTRODUCTION

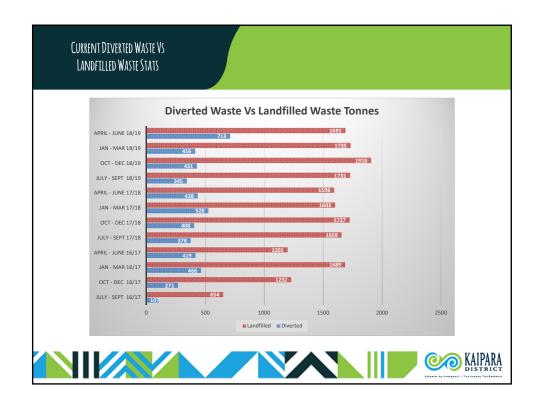
Several actions were identified as part of the 2017/2022 Waste Management and Minimisation Plan. The following actions will be covered by the planned consultation:

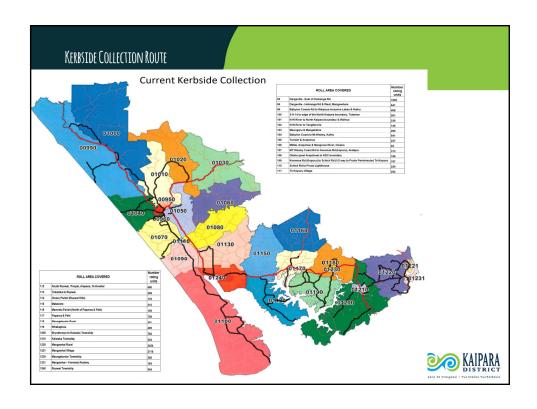
- Determine community interest in additional/new rural drop-off locations
- Determine community interest in new holiday home drop-off locations
- Investigate provision of a universal recycling collection
- Consult with the community about the best solution for litterbins.

These were fed into the 2017 Solid Waste Asset Management Plan and identified as improvements.

Results from the formal consultation will be utilised to plan and budget for any changes to be included in the 2021/2031 Long Term Plan. This will also coincide with the new Solid Waste Collection and Transfer Station operations contract which expires in June 2021.







OPTIONS FOR CONSIDERATION IN UPCOMING FORMAL CONSULTATION

- 1) Stay with general refuse bags and introduce crates for recycling
 - User pays for general refuse, targeted rate for recycling
- 2) Introduce a wheelie bin Option for general refuse and crates for recycling
 - User would pay for preferred option for general refuse, Targeted rate for recycling
- Introduce a fully targeted rate to cover both general refuse and recycling disposal and collection.
- 4) Status quo
 - User pays for recycling and refuse disposal with some minor improvements, such as collection extensions, and users can choose to privately hire wheelie bins.
- There will also be discussion around litterbin provision and holiday home rubbish and recycling solutions.



FOR CONSIDERATION DURING PLANNING PROCESS

- · How to improve service to rural residents, and what this will cost
- How will a targeted rate for refuse disposal impact on local businesses (reference to business operators carrying out private refuse collection)
- Costs for provision of different options
- Different targeted rates depending on residential, commercial, services available or rural properties
- Method of payment for user-pays wheelie bin option
- Impact of targeted rates and perceived free disposal and recycling on illegal dumping
- Timeframes for rolling out, with possibility of a staged rollout, and how to inform new residents
- Frequency of collections
- · Litterbin provision
- Holiday home refuse and recycling solutions
- To be consulted on as part of Annual Plan consultation in March 2020

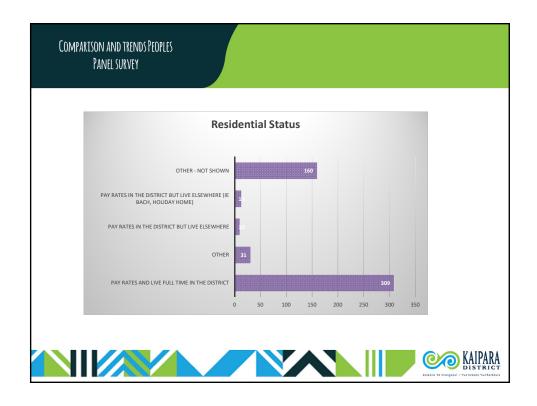


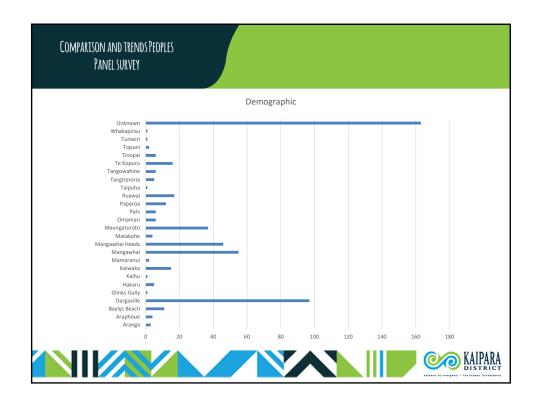
COMPARISON AND TRENDS PEOPLE'S PANEL SURVEY

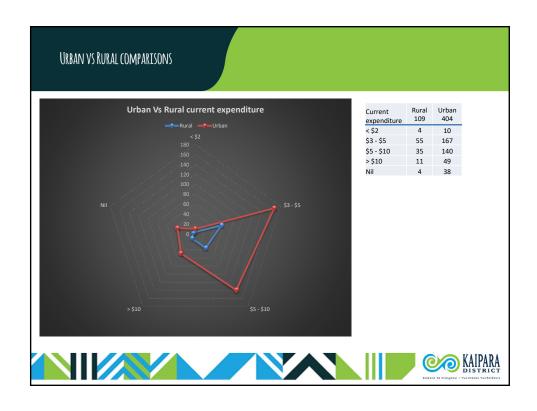
 Out of 523 total responses – 109 were rural i.e. identified as using rural collection points

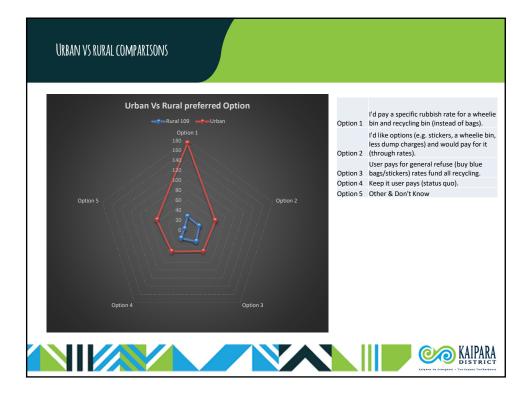
- 83% of rural respondents currently spend between \$3 and \$10 per week on rubbish disposal
- 75% of rural respondents have identified that they would support a targeted rate of some sort for refuse and recycling
- 71% of all respondents have indicated that they would pay via targeted rate or sticker system
- 76% of all respondents usually spend between \$3 and \$10 per week on refuse and recycling disposal
- 15% of all respondents would like the current service level to remain.











COST OF CURRENT SERVICE

Taking into account income made from bag sales and Council costs, the current service is estimated to cost the following:

\$1,687,028 – this includes District-wide litterbin servicing, Dargaville Transfer
Station management, disposal and District-wide kerbside refuse and recycling
collection (costs include \$327,800 funded from general rates, \$42,000 funded from
grants, the remaining is income received from gate charges and bag sales). Bag
sales and gate charges include profit margin if any. There is no allowance here for
income that is received from recycled product sales.

NB: this does not include Hakaru Transfer Station operations, illegal rubbish retrieval (apart from what is collected as part of the kerbside collection), Closed Landfill Management or Recycling subsidies.

This equates to approximately \$122 per rateable household (based on 13,838 households, including rural, urban and commercial properties)



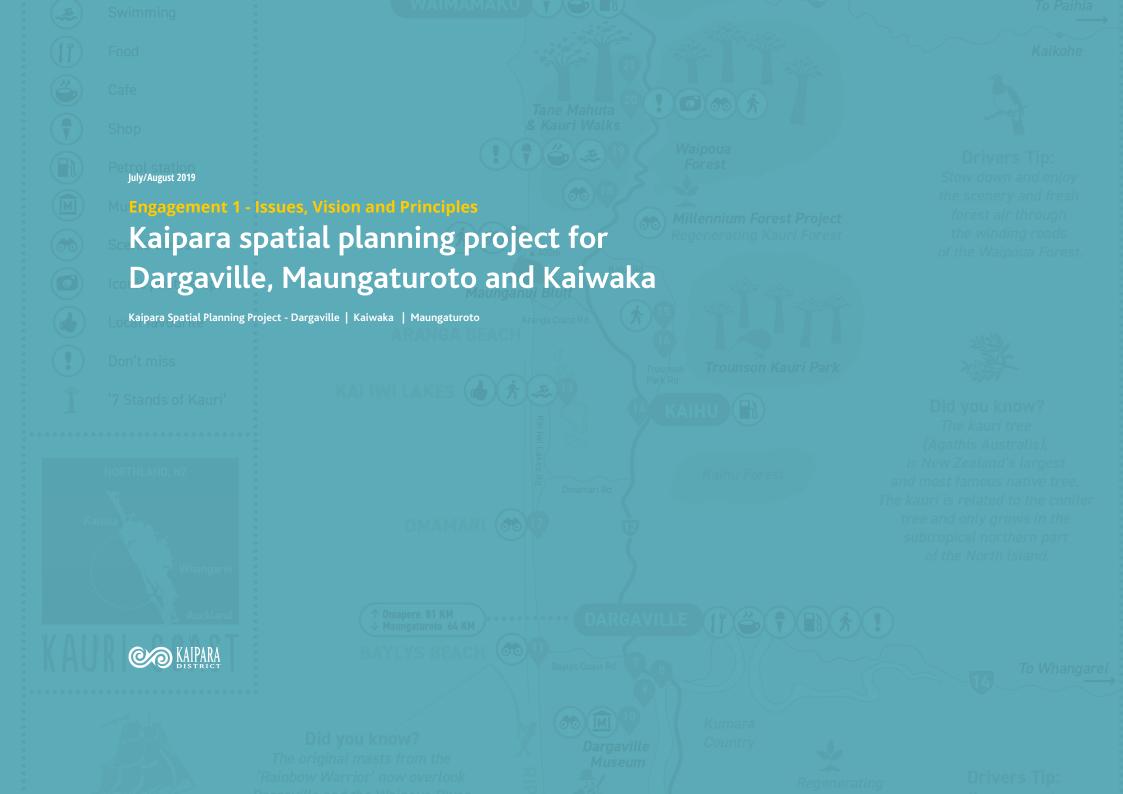
PROVISIONAL COST ESTIMATES

- Provision of recycling crates is \$20 per household
- Provision of 240L wheelie bin is \$60 per household
- Provision of purpose-built recycling stations in rural locations is \$32K per unit, with additional costs required for collection (these are the containers currently is use in the Far North District)
- Cost per tonne to dispose to landfill is currently \$65 per tonne, plus transportation

 future estimate is between \$65 \$300 per tonne, mainly dependent on the
 Emissions Trading Scheme and Waste Disposal Levy
- Cost to process per tonne for recycling for markets is \$236, based on current subsidised rate
- Cost per tonne to transport to markets is \$75, based on current subsidy paid
- Collection by specialist truck is \$3 per km and \$100 per hour.







Presentation Outline

- 1. Introduction (5 mins)
- 2. Overview of Project (5 mins)
- 3. Overview of engagement and consultation (10 mins)
- 4. Dargaville (5 mins)
- 5. Kaiwaka (5 mins)
- 6. Maungaturoto (5 mins)
- 7. Q & A (20 mins)
- 8. Next Steps (5 mins)



1. Introduction - What is the problem we are attempting to fix?

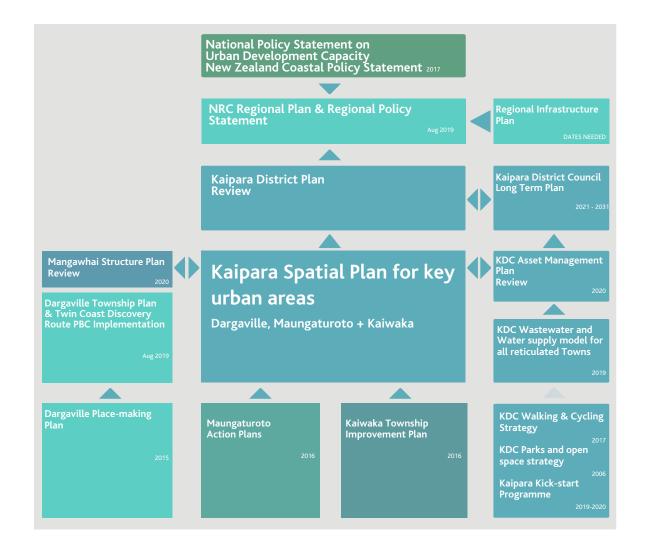
- There are limited spatial guidelines outside the District Plan rules for encouraging quality residential and business development
- There is an appetite to develop in these areas but investment is constrained by:
 - Infrastructure at capacity for three waters
 - State highway policies
 - Existing land use zoning
- Realising the areas' economic potential including, local production, industry and tourism
- There are environmental, cultural and community concerns about development where it could occur, the type of development that might occur and the change this could bring
- Subdivisions that are occurring are often on the edge of the urban area and present difficulties with integrating into a future urban form and pattern

2. Overview of Project - Timeline

Phase 1 Project Initiation:	Phase 2 Constraints, challenges and opportunities assessment:	Phase 3 Setting the direction (Pre-Concept engagement):	Phase 4 Option development, testing and evaluation (including consultation):	Phase 5 Review feedback and agree changes:	Phase 6 Prepare and present draft Spatial Plan:	Phase 7 Present and produce the final Spatial Plan:
June	July	July - August	Sep - Nov	December	February 2020	April 2020
Confirming project brief, programme, deliverables roles and responsibilities	Analysis of key context including site and environment, societal, culture, economic and enabling infrastructure	Setting the vision, plan principles, key performance indicators/targets	Generate development options for each centre, evaluate using agreed criteria and test with governance groups, project partner, stakeholders and wider community	Collect and agree the changes to the draft Spatial Plan using themes and options	Generating draft Spatial Plan for review through decision making structure	Finalise the Spatial Plan following feedback from previous phase.



Overview of Project - Kaipara District planning work streams





Overview of Project - Kaipara District spatial work streams

Political Governance

Kaipara District Council - Full Council Committee

Project Governance

Fran Mikulicic / Darla Blake, Jim Sephton, Jess Hollis, Kathie Fletcher

Project Control Group

Paul Waanders, Matt Smith, Darlene Lang, Paula Hansen & Virginia Smith

Project Team

Programme Manager - AR & Associates Planning Lead - AR & Associates Design Lead - Resilio Studio Engagement Lead - Resilio Studio Analysis Lead - Utility

Challenge Team

Urban Design - Richard Knot Ltd Catchment Stormwater - AR & Associate Infrastructure Servicing - AR & Associates

Project Partners

Kaipara Mana Whenua

- Te Uri O Hau
- Te Roroa
- IKHMG

Northland Transportation Alliance Northland Regional Council Whangarei District Council Others as advised

Key Stakeholders

Special interest group Community interests

Wider Community

Wider Dargaville Community Wider Kaiwaka Community Wider Maungaturoto Community Wider Kaipara Community





3. Overview of engagement and consultation







Mana Whenua

- The engagement event supported and honest exchange
- The engagement has opened the door for new and ongoing relationship with Hāpu / Mana Whenua at a Marae level
- It is important to get engagement process right that supports authentic relationships and partnerships
- This is the start of something exciting and Marae representatives look forward to further engagement
- More information and understanding is needed on the District Plan, its policies, objectives and what the review holds for Mana Whenua
- Marae engagement will be an extensive process that will require greater resourcing beyond current contract with AR + Associates
- Key themes discussed
 - Developing and fostering relationships
 - · Bringing our people home
 - Papakainga and warm and dry homes
 - Marae restoration, appropriate zoning and infrastructure
 - Education
 - Industry and work place opportunities



Stakeholder sessions







Physical Constraints Challenges + Opportunities

Land form, land stability + slope Soils + land use capability Water, flooding and vegetation cover prone to flooding in the local area. The areas of flooding include typical flooding and tion is based on information from Land use capability (LUC) handbook Class 2. Arable. Good land: slight limitations Class 5: Non-arable. Unsuitable for cropping Flood Wairoa River 100 years Herbaceous (Wetlands) the website (our environment scinfo.org.nz). LUC land into classes from 1 to 8.1 is the website (our environment. scintox or g.n.g., LUC, land into classes from 1 to 8. 1 is the most suitable for production and 8 is the least suitable. Classes 1 - 4 are suitable restricting crop types Flood Wairoa River 50 years Native Scrub Class 6: Non-arable. Productive pastoral hill country The information is based on information from the website ourenvironment.scinfo. Exotic Scrub for multiple productive uses including extensive cropping, grazing and forestry. Class 7: Non-arable. Moderate to very severe limitations Class 4: Arable. Severe limitations for arable or cultivation Classes 5 and 6 are suitable for grazing and/or forestry. Classes 7 and 8 are not Class 8: Non-arable. Very severe to extreme limitations Infrastructure + utilities Circulation + access Planning + landuse The plan below illustrates the main infrastructure, public transport and the travelling distance at 5 minutes and 15 This plan provides an overview Kaipara District Plan land use zones networks including pump stations, treatment plants and reservoirs. including Residential, Maori Purpose Business Commercial and Business INFRASTRUCTURE + UTILITIES ACCESS+ CIRCULATION DISTRICTS Industrial and Rural usage. → Wastewater Reticulation/Rising - Mainroads Residentia The information is based on Kaipara District Asset Management Plans Business: Commarria — Biking radius 15min The information is based on Kaipara District Plan. Mapri Purpose: Mapri Lan





Physical constraints challenges + opportunities

This map summaries the physical constraints and opportunities of Dargaville - it is a combination of geotechnical constraints, land use capability and flooding - The lighter the area the more suitable it is for development.

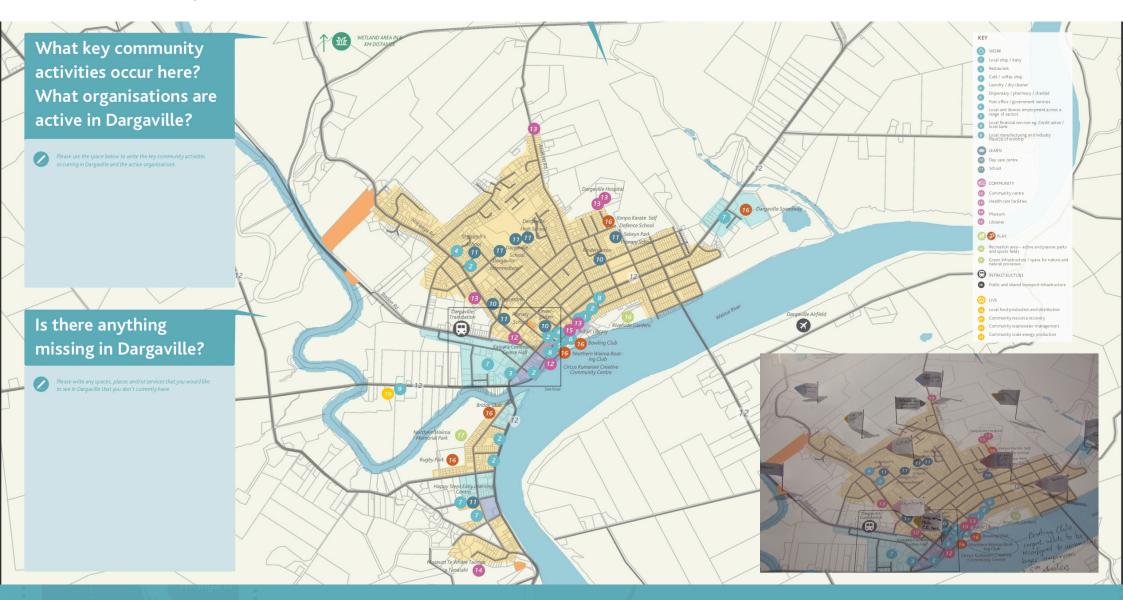
If Dargaville was to expand its urban limits, where do you think it should develop?



Engagement 1 - Issues, Vision and Principles
Kaipara Spatial Planning



Community + culture



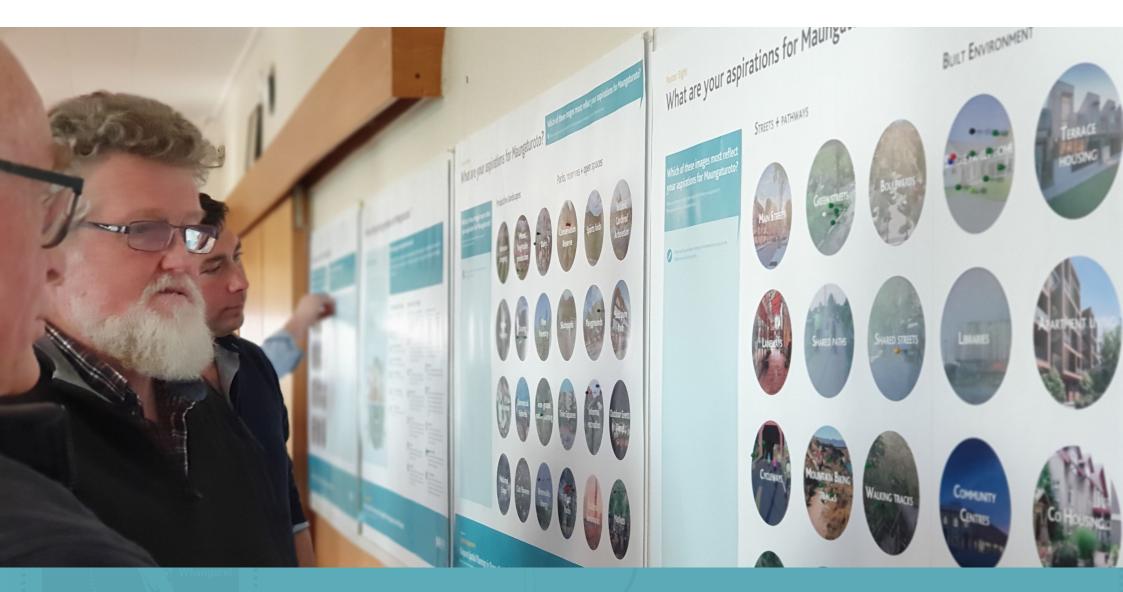
July/August 2019

Engagement 1 - Issues, Vision and Principles

Kaipara Spatial Planning



Vision, principles + aspirations



Ingagement 1 - Issues, Vision and Principles
Kaipara Spatial Planning
Kaipara Spatial Planning Project - Dargaville | Kaiwaka | Maungaturoto





4. Dargaville



July/August 2019

Engagement 1 - Issues, Vision and Principles

Kaipara Spatial Planning
Kaipara Spatial Planning Project - Dargaville | Kaiwaka | Maungaturoto

↑ Omapere 81 KM ↓ Maungaturoto 64 KM



Dargaville - Emerging themes

Issues, challenges, insights and opportunities

- 1. Impacts of flooding and climate change
- 2. Lack of infrastructure (4 waters)
- 3. Lack of tertiary education
- 4. Lack of land and infrastructure available for industry and manufacturing

Visions and aspirations

- 1. Create a destination rather than a gateway
- 2. Food bowl of New Zealand Kai for Kaipara
- 3. Connect the town centre and wider community with the Northern Wairoa River
- 4. Tertiary institution more choices
- 5. Build on our successful industries



5. Kaiwaka



Engagement 1 - Issues, Vision and Principles
Kaipara Spatial Planning
Kaipara Spatial Planning Project - Dargaville | Kaiwaka | Maungaturoto



Kaiwaka - Emerging themes

Issues, challenges, insights and opportunities

- 1. SH1 severing the community and making it difficult to develop
- 2. Lack of appropriate zoning
- 3. Lack of defined centre / community heart
- 4. Safety of children, visitors and pedestrians (primarily due to SH1)

Visions and aspirations

- 1. Making Kaiwaka a creative destination "The little town of delights"
- 2. Recognised as the key entry point and gateway to Kaipara and Northland
- 3. Developing an active, connected walkable community
- 4. Develop a river park, playground and town square
- 5. Increase opportunities for commercial, industry and manufacturing



6. Maungatūroto



Engagement 1 - Issues, Vision and Principles

Kaipara Spatial Planning
Kaipara Spatial Planning Project - Dargaville | Kaiwaka | Maungaturoto





Maungatūroto - Emerging themes

Issues, challenges, insights and opportunities

- 1. Topography, slope and instability restricting development opportunities
- 2. Lack of appropriate zoning
- 3. Lack of educational and career opportunities for youth

Visions and aspirations

- 1. A town that is a good place to live, work and play for multiple generations
- 2. A service town supporting surrounding communities
- 3. Keep Maungatūroto's unique identity and character
- 4. Increase population
- 5. Improve and enhance connection to railway and waterways
- 6. Increase opportunities for safe and connected walking and cycling

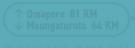


Paparoa



Engagement 1 - Issues, Vision and Principles

Kaipara Spatial Planning
Kaipara Spatial Planning Project - Dargaville | Kaiwaka | Maungaturoto











Paparoa - Emerging themes

Issues, challenges, insights and opportunities

- 1. Flooding of road and main shops
- 2. Lack of visibility and directional signage to Paparoa
- 3. Lack of appropriate zoning
- 4. Lack of medical services

Visions and aspirations

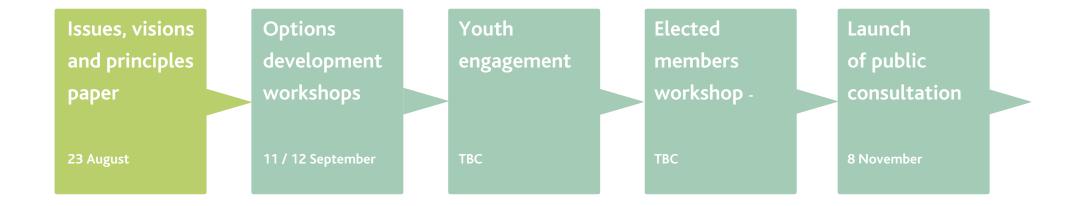
- 1. Maintain and enhance village atmosphere and character including heritage
- 2. Build on existing creative community and facilities
- 3. Connecting communities through walking and cycling trails
- 4. Maintain and enhance connection to the river



7. Questions + Answers



8. Next Steps





8. Next Steps

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